

New optimized technique for mechanical control of *Elymus repens*

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Elymus repens (couch grass) A problem in organic crop production.





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Project aim and contents

> Overall objective:

> Knowledge on how to manage perennial weeds effectively by means of novel strategies and technology is available to organic farmers.

> Elymus repens (couch grass)

- > Technology for uprooting, exposing and destroying
 - > Existing machines
 - > Novel mechanical systems



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Machines and implements used:

- 1. Tine cultivator (Marsk Stig Uniflex 8000)
- 2. Rotary tiller (Howard/Kongskilde Rotalabor)
- 3. Disk harrow (modified Dalbo disks with spikes)
- 4. Tine cultivator and rotary tiller (Kvik-Up harrow)
- 5. Tine cultivator and rotary tiller (Kvik-Killer)
- 6. Beach cleaner (Beach-Tech 2800)



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Reference machine



The spring loaded S-tine cultivator. A close up of the shape of the S-tines are displayed to the right (MARSK STIG Model 8).



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Rotary tiller

Howard/Kongskilde Rotalabor





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Disk harrow modified Dalbo – disks with spikes



7



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Rigid tine cultivator and rotary tiller Kvik-Killer





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Rigid tine cultivator and rotary tiller Kvik-Up harrow





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Beach-Tech 2800







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Field experiments

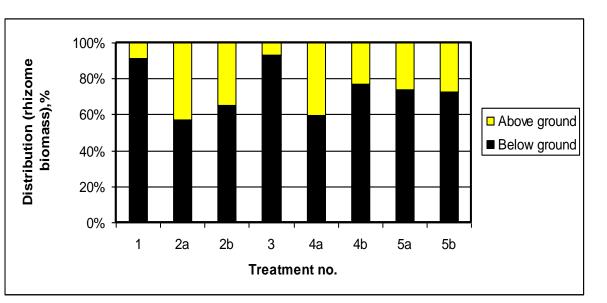


 The amount of Elymus Repens rhizomes below and above soil surface was determined by collecting all rhizomes within 0.5 x 0.5 meter plots



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Relative distribution of rhizome biomass after treatments

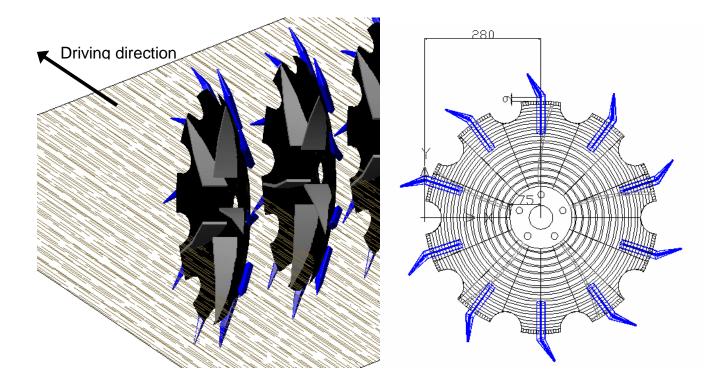


- > 1: tine cultivator,
- > 2a: rotary tiller (low forward speed),
- > 2b: rotary tiller (high forward speed),
- > 3: modified disk harrow,
- > 4a Kvik-Up (low forward speed),
- > 4b Kvik-Up (high forward speed),
- > 5a Kvik-Killer (low forward speed),
- > 5b Kvik-Killer (high forward₁₂ speed)



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Spike tine disc for uprooting rhizomes





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Spike tine disc for uprooting rhizomes



1) row of standard concave discs,

2) row of spike discs.



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Uprooting and exposure results of field experiments

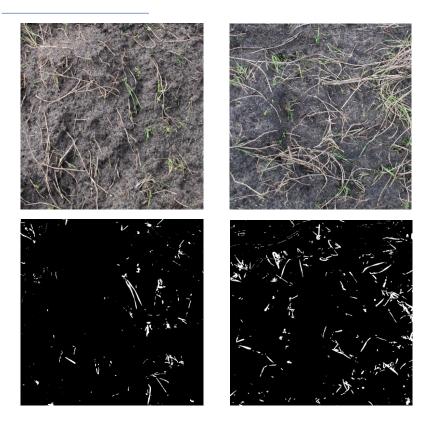
Treatment no.	Treatment/Machine	Rhizome uprooting and exposure ratio
		Mean (SD)
2.	Spring loaded S-tine cultivator	0.083 (0.030)
3.	Rigid tine cultivator with spike discs	0.064 (0.017)

LSD = 0.0209, Turkeys *t*-test.



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Coverage of green weed material



- > Weed soil cover from treatment :
- > To the left the rigid tine cultivator with spike discs
- > To the right the spring loaded tine cultivator



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Coverage of green weed material

Treatment no.	Treatment/Machine	Weed soil cover	
		Mean (SD)	
2.	Spring loaded S-tine cultivator	0,946 0,019	
3.	Rigid tine cultivator with spike discs	0,979 0,007	



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Conclusion

- > Difficult to achieve a high percentage of uprooting and exposure of *Elymus repens* rhizomes when using high capacity machines
- > The new designed spike discs were not capable of uprooting more rhizomes than the standard spring loaded tine cultivator
- > The spike discs showed a more uniform distribution of the rhizomes
- The spike discs provided significantly better coverage of leaves of *Elymus* repens and broad leaved weeds